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全品智能作业 QUANPIN ZHINENGZUOYE 素养测评卷

AI智慧教辅

高中英语3 | 必修第三册 WY

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本书为AI智慧教辅

“讲题智能体”支持学生聊着学，扫码后哪题不会选哪题；随时随地想聊就聊，想问就问。



单元素养测评卷（一）

范围:Unit 1

(时间:120 分钟 分值:150 分)



第一部分 听力(共两节,满分 30 分)

第一节(共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

- ()1. How much does the cake cost?
A. \$ 2.00. B. \$ 3.50. C. \$ 5.50.
- ()2. Why does the woman want to use a computer?
A. To book a hotel.
B. To book a flight.
C. To book a train ticket.
- ()3. How does the man probably feel now?
A. Surprised. B. Worried. C. Angry.
- ()4. What does the woman like about the new job?
A. It pays better.
B. It has less work.
C. It is more interesting.
- ()5. What are the speakers talking about?
A. Rice. B. Wine. C. Fruit.

第二节(共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6、7 题。

- ()6. What is the woman's problem?
A. Driving a car is too slow.
B. She can't find the road sign.
C. It's hard to park a car in the centre.
- ()7. Where will the woman park her car?
A. Under a tree.B. In a car park. C. By the roadside.

听第 7 段材料,回答第 8、9 题。

- ()8. Where will the man's sister go to work?
A. In Beijing. B. In Paris. C. In New York.
- ()9. What will the man's sister probably be?
A. A teacher.
B. A Web designer.
C. A shop assistant.

听第 8 段材料,回答第 10 至 13 题。

- ()10. What are the speakers doing?
A. Cooking a meal.
B. Buying healthy food.
C. Making a meal plan.
- ()11. Why does the woman disagree with the suggestion of bacon?
A. It's not to her taste.
B. It's not quick to make.
C. It's not healthy enough.
- ()12. What will the speakers have for lunch?
A. Potato chips and soda.
B. Sandwiches and fruit.
C. Salad, chicken and rice.
- ()13. What is the probable relationship between the speakers?
A. Fellow workers.
B. Chef and customer.
C. Husband and wife.

听第 9 段材料,回答第 14 至 17 题。

- ()14. What does Emily want to get from Father Christmas?
A. A toy car. B. A toy train. C. Some dolls.
- ()15. Which of the following will the speakers prepare for Father Christmas?
A. Hot chocolate.
B. Apples.
C. Biscuits.
- ()16. What time do the speakers plan to go to bed?
A. At 9:00 pm. B. At 8:00 pm. C. At 7:00 pm.
- ()17. How is Jim feeling now?
A. Sad and bored.
B. Excited and pleased.
C. Hungry and tired.

听第 10 段材料,回答第 18 至 20 题。

- ()18. How will the fish be rescued?
A. By clearing the rocks.
B. By flying over the rocks.
C. By finding them a new place to lay eggs.
- ()19. Why do Canada's First Nations people need the fish?
A. They sell them for money.
B. They use them to make a study.
C. They need them for cultural activities.
- ()20. What are rescuers looking for?
A. A blocking place.
B. Other rescue methods.
C. A new river for the fish to lay eggs.

第二部分 阅读(共两节,满分 50 分)

第一节(共 15 小题;每小题 2.5 分,满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

Books that changed my life

Shakespeare's Kitchen by Lore Segal

Shakespeare's Kitchen not only reveals, sometimes surprisingly, what people were eating in Shakespeare's time but also provides recipes that today's cooks can easily recreate with readily available ingredients.

Persuasion by Jane Austen

In this novel, Anne Eliot is the daughter of a foolish noble. Their home must be rented out and Anne goes to stay with her younger sister Mary. Here she is thrown into the company of Captain Wentworth who offered to marry Anne eight years earlier. But Anne was persuaded to turn him down. He hasn't forgiven her. Anne is forced to watch the man she still loves attach himself to this and that pretty woman.

The Puttermessa Papers by Cynthia Ozick

Puttermesser, a woman of magic, takes some dirt from a flower pot and makes a half man and half god creature which will make her the mayor of New York. During her administration, the city is free of all hate and crime, for a while. The reader who has a strong heart and stomach can stick with Puttermesser to her sad and brutal end.

David Copperfield by Charles Dickens

Dickens showed me what to do with my life. I was twelve when my mother read me *David Copperfield* about how David's young

mother dies and leaves him in the brutal stepfather's care. My favourite character is the young lawyer who responds to misfortune with cheerful goodness. That's what I wanted to do.

()21. Which book do you choose if you prefer a fantasy novel?

- A. *Shakespeare's Kitchen*.
B. *Persuasion*.
C. *The Puttermesser Papers*.
D. *David Copperfield*.

()22. What can we learn from the books mentioned in the text?

- A. People cooked and ate unhealthily in Shakespeare's time.
- B. Anne and Wentworth's love story may turn out complicated.
- C. Puttermesser is likely to end up living happily with her creature.
- D. The young lawyer holds a negative attitude towards misfortune.

() **23.** Which column of a magazine can the text probably be found?

- A. Tourism.
B. Literature.
C. Sports.
D. Entertainment.

B

Michael Jordan is a former professional American basketball player, Olympic athlete, businessperson, and actor. Considered one of the best basketball players ever, he dominated (主宰) the sport from the mid-1980s to the late 1990s.

Michael began his professional basketball career when he was chosen by the Chicago Bulls in 1984. Then, there was a time when the Bulls kept adding new players and changing coaches, but they didn't win. Seeing that, Michael felt like he needed to do all the scoring as he couldn't trust the other players' skills. Many people thought that Michael Jordan might never win a championship if he kept trying to do it all by himself.

To improve their performance on the court, Coach Tex Winter taught the Bulls his triangle offense. It included sharing the ball and moving around the court in a specific way. Michael was unsure. He thought he was the only one that could make the big shots. Tex Winter told him he should learn to trust his teammates to make the triangle offense work best. But that was difficult for Michael.

The Bulls faced the Utah Jazz in the 1997 National Basketball Association Finals. After four games, the score was tied at 2-2.

Finally, Michael scored thirty-eight points and the Bulls won. Then, they had a chance to win the series in Game Six. Michael had the ball near the end of the game with Jazz players swarming (拥上) around him. Instead of trying a difficult shot, he passed the ball to a teammate, Steve Kerr, who made the winning basket. Michael finally trusted his teammates and he didn't always have to take the big shot.

From then on, Michael Jordan led the Chicago Bulls to six NBA Championships and earned the NBA's Most Valuable Player (MVP) Award five times. With five regular-season MVPs and three All-Star MVPs, Michael Jordan became the greatest basketball player of all time.

() **24.** How did many people feel about Michael Jordan’s “one-man show”?

- A. Interested. B. Uncertain.
C. Negative. D. Hopeful.

() **25.** What does the triangle offense mainly call for according to the text?

- A. Fast speed. B. Great strength.
C. Good teamwork. D. Strong confidence.

()**26.** What probably led to the Bulls' winning Game Six?

- A. Steve Kerr's unexpected long shot.
- B. Michael Jordan's passing the ball.
- C. Jazz players' serious mistakes.
- D. Some new players' efforts.

()27. What lesson can we learn from the text?

- A. One flower doesn't make a spring.
- B. A hobby can become a successful job.
- C. God helps those who help themselves.
- D. Treat others as you want to be treated.

C

When did you have a really deep conversation where you felt truly heard? Connections of this kind are completely necessary for people but they are not always easy to find. That's why one woman decided to take listening to the streets. Her name is Traci Ruble, a therapist (治 疗 师) who is concerned that people today are experiencing loneliness and lack personal connections. She understands that with busy lives and demanding jobs, people are unable to make these connections.

On a spring day in 2015, Ruble and a small number of volunteers set up chairs on sidewalks in 12 locations around San

Francisco and invited people passing by to sit for a few minutes and chat. This was the beginning of the non-profit Sidewalk Talk. The mission is to create public spaces of connections for people. Today, the organization has more than 4,000 volunteers in 40 cities. These volunteers come from a variety of backgrounds and receive training from the organization.

Sidewalk Talk gives people a chance to speak and be listened to but it is not therapy. “Volunteers are not communicating as a therapist out there. They’re not there to solve someone’s problems. They’re there to practise being human,” Ruble said. According to Ruble, therapy is one-sided and therapists are taught to avoid self-disclosure (自我表露) but by “being human” volunteers could approach interactions with communication about their own life and by showing sympathy for the people they talk with.

Today, an increasing number of people experience loneliness, according to a report from Harvard University. In fact, 31 per cent of all Americans feel serious loneliness including 61 per cent of young adults. To deal with that, rebuilding community relationships is vitally important. While Sidewalk Talk will not solve the loneliness problem, these chats could help someone have a brighter day. Knowing that there are sympathetic people who are willing to fully listen and share people's feelings could make all the difference to a lonely person.

()28. What is the purpose of Sidewalk Talk?

- A. To provide training for those volunteers.
- B. To teach the passers-by how to communicate.
- C. To offer public chances of personal conversations.
- D. To help people reduce pressure at work.

()29. What is the difference between the volunteers of Sidewalk Talk and therapists?

- A. Volunteers provide non-professional therapy.
B. Volunteers prefer one-sided communication.
C. Volunteers are good at showing their success.
D. Volunteers express their experiences and feelings.

()30. What can we infer about Sidewalk Talk from Paragraph 4?

- A. It makes people more sympathetic to others.
- B. It offers a solution to the loneliness problem.
- C. It plays a role in improving people's feelings.
- D. It has promoted community relationships.

- ()31. What is the text mainly about?
- A. A woman encouraging others to lead an active life.
B. An organization taking listening to the streets.
C. Therapists setting up chairs on sidewalks.
D. Volunteers helping others learn how to talk.

D

No doubt there are ups and downs in life. Whatever the situation is, you shouldn't lose your joy of life. Life is for a limited period only and no one knows how long he/she will live, so why do you waste your precious time in worrying about the things that are beyond your control? Be happy, and enjoy your life unconditionally (无条件地).

You enjoy good days but you also need to learn how to enjoy bad days, and even enjoy your pain. In 2016 when I was in Geneva, Switzerland, I suffered a sudden heart attack. My colleagues called an ambulance and I was taken to a hospital with much pain in my chest. Before reaching the hospital, I was totally exhausted with pain and was going to lose control of my emotions. Then the doctor in the ambulance said, "Don't worry; you are in safe hands." His words took away all my pain because I started realizing that it was no time to worry about the pain and that it was time to be happy that my life was safe. At that time, I learnt an important lesson that in pain there is a hidden joy and that whoever sees the bright side can enjoy the pain. My pain turned into a joy which greatly helped me recover more quickly than expected.

You not only enjoy success but you also need to learn to enjoy failure. Failure provides you with an opportunity to benefit from so many choices you've made. Celebrating failure will raise your morale and make you more powerful and determined to achieve success. We all make mistakes in life but only the courageous people not only laugh at their own mistakes but also let other people laugh at them and then they reach success without any spiritual burden (负担). A person who learns from mistakes and knows how to turn the bad situation into his/her favour is the most intelligent person and really enjoys his/her life.

- ()32. What does the author mainly tell us in the first paragraph?
- A. Life is full of ups and downs.
B. People's lives only last a limited period.
C. We should enjoy our life unconditionally.
D. Bad situations can be changed into good ones.

- ()33. Why did the author still feel happy when experiencing much pain?
- A. His colleagues were always with him.
B. He could be looked after by his parents.
C. He planned to enjoy the last days in life.
D. His doctor made him realize the value of being alive.

- ()34. What does the underlined word "morale" in Paragraph 3 mean?
- A. Talent.
B. Confidence.
C. Pleasure.
D. Inspiration.

- ()35. What can we learn from the author about the wisest person?
- A. He never laughs at others.
B. He has strong determination.
C. He is ready to do others a favour.
D. He is good at learning from mistakes.

第二节(共 5 小题;每小题 2.5 分,满分 12.5 分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

How to cheer up your friend

The following tips will make your friend cheer up. Try one or more of the suggestions below, and hopefully your friend will be happy again in no time.

36. _____. If your friend is angry about a situation at work, help her see the positive side of things. Hear out her problem before reacting. But try to help her ask questions such as, "What things can you do to make the situation better?" or "What's been happening at work lately that's been good?"

Send her a card or a postcard. Not many people get handwritten notes any more. It's so rare, in fact, that it's certain to put a smile on her face. Drop a note in the mail to her.37. _____.

Build up her self-esteem (自尊). Everyone needs to hear they are smart, strong, and beautiful sometimes. 38. _____, as they can help her build confidence and self-esteem. Try to make your praise unique to the person, so she knows you truly mean what you say.

Try out new things together. True happiness is in part about the adventure. It may mean you may need to step outside of what's

comfortable and try something new. 39. _____. If you want your friends to be happy, encourage them to try new things with you.

Bring her one of her favourite treats. 40. _____. Maybe she can't live without an afternoon coffee, or maybe she has a special love for black forest cake. Surprise her by bringing one of them to her when you know she's having a rough day.

- A. Encourage your friend
B. Help her to see the positive side
C. You know what your friend likes
D. In turn, discover new things you love
E. Don't be afraid to tell your friend these things
F. Similarly, your happiness will affect your friends
G. If you include one with a funny card, that's better

第三部分 语言运用(共两节,满分 30 分)

第一节(共 15 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

As we all know, a friend in need is a friend indeed. I really don't know the meaning of this proverb until one day something 41 happened to me.

That morning, I got up late and went to school without breakfast 42. While I was crossing a street, my bike 43 a stone and I fell on the ground, with my both knees badly injured. I managed the 44 and continued my ride. On my arrival at school, my teacher took us to the 45 for a basketball match. 46 the fact that I could hardly walk normally, I joined in the game. When I 47 to pass the ball, I was knocked down and fell down on my back. I could not 48 the bad pain and burst into tears. My classmates all started 49 at me and continued their match without me. Left alone on the playground, I couldn't help feeling 50 sorry. Just at that moment, Jack, one of my teammates, 51 towards me from the other end and helped me. He comforted me and tried all 52 to make me stand. He asked another classmate to 53 him, then kept me 54 the whole day, and even dropped me home after the school was over.

It was on that day that the proverb "a friend in need is a friend indeed" did 55 to me.

- ()41. A. anxious B. frightening
C. confusing D. unexpected

- ()

42.

A. on earth

B. at last

C. in shock

D. in a hurry
- ()

43.

A. attacked

B. hit

C. beat

D. removed
- ()

44.

A. pain

B. loss

C. sadness

D. trouble
- ()

45.

A. campus

B. track

C. access

D. playground
- ()

46.

A. Although

B. Despite

C. Except

D. Throughout
- ()

47.

A. decided

B. hoped

C. attempted

D. quit
- ()

48.

A. imagine

B. stand

C. forgive

D. forget
- ()

49.

A. laughing

B. staring

C. pointing

D. shouting
- ()

50.

A. likely

B. gracefully

C. creatively

D. extremely
- ()

51.

A. jumped

B. faced

C. advanced

D. transported
- ()

52.

A. means

B. opinions

C. traditions

D. proposals
- ()

53.

A. give way to

B. take control of

C. take the place of

D. watch over
- ()

54.

A. confidence

B. company

C. impression

D. responsibility
- ()

55.

A. make sense

B. make progress

C. make up

D. make out

第二节(共 10 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Oil paper umbrellas have a history of over 1,000 years in China. Once they 56. _____(be) everywhere. Nowadays people use the handmade umbrellas 57. _____(little) in daily life than before. However, they are a symbol of 58. _____(tradition) Chinese culture.

Yuhang in Hangzhou is known for 59. _____(make) oil paper umbrellas for over 230 years. Umbrellas here take more than 70 steps to make, such as making bamboo ribs and pasting(粘贴)

paper. 60. _____ takes at least a week to make an umbrella. In 2007, this kind of umbrella was added to Zhejiang Province’s intangible(无形的)cultural heritage list.

In 2015, Liu Weixue left a well-paid job to learn the art 61. _____ his grandfather. “I want to bring the art to life,” Liu said. “When it rains, someone uses the umbrella. That’s what I want to see.”

After Liu mastered the skills, a studio 62. _____(start) in Yuhang, 63. _____ he gathered umbrella-making masters. 64. _____(sell) umbrellas, Liu opened an online shop in 2017. It now has more than 80,000 followers.

Liu hopes the art can be passed down. He goes to schools in Yuhang to teach students. He also shows up at 65. _____(event) and activities in different places to show more people the art.

第四部分 写作(共两节,满分 40 分)

第一节(满分 15 分)

假如你是李华,你的网友 Peter 作为交换生即将来中国学习,他对中国传统文化很感兴趣,打算交流期间学习一门中国传统艺术,写信征求你的意见,想提前做准备。请你给他写封回信,内容包括:

1. 推荐一项中国传统艺术并简述原因;
2. 提出学习建议;
3. 祝福与希望。

注意:1. 词数 80 左右;

2. 可以适当增加细节,以使行文连贯。

Dear Peter,

Yours,
Li Hua

第二节(满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料,根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段,使之构成一篇完整的短文。

When I was in Grade 10, my family had a tough time. My parents lost their jobs during the Depression. Dad was too ill to work outside, while Mum had a hard time raising us kids on her own in our small community. We relied on our community assistance to keep us clothed, and although our clothes were second-hand, we

thought they were beautiful.

Looking back, I realize what Mum went through for sending us kids to school. Every morning she would put a new piece of cardboard in our shoes, because our shoes were worn out. Constant move was typical for my family in these times. The rent was twenty-five dollars a month, but Mum couldn’t pay it. These were hard and sad years, but we never complained.

New Year was approaching, and we were entitled to a twenty-five dollar fund for social services. Mum said that instead of buying food, she would use the money to pay back the rent, assuring us all of a roof over our heads for a little while longer. She told us then there would be nothing for New Year.

Unknown to Mum, I had been shoveling snow and doing odd jobs to earn enough money to buy a new pair of gloves. I knew exactly which gloves I wanted. They were made of genuine leather and they had a price of twenty-three dollars. Well, the big day came on the last day of that year. I was very excited, as I hurried up to catch the bus. It was only a half-a-mile walk, but on the way I noticed a house with lights and decorations. It was then that I realized at our house, we had no lights, no decorations, nor any money for goodies. I knew then that we would have no delicious food for New Year, and I felt sad.

As I continued walking, I began to feel bewildered. I was sixteen years old, and I was feeling a strange sense of guilt. Here I was going to buy a new pair of gloves while Mum was at home in tears. She would be trying to explain to us why there were no presents.

注意:续写词数应为 150 左右。

Paragraph 1:

The bus drove off without me. _____

Paragraph 2:

When Mum opened the door, she surprisingly found that some of the groceries fell inside onto the floor. _____